Sero-surveillance of Avian influenza A (H7N9) in high risk provinces of Lao PDR

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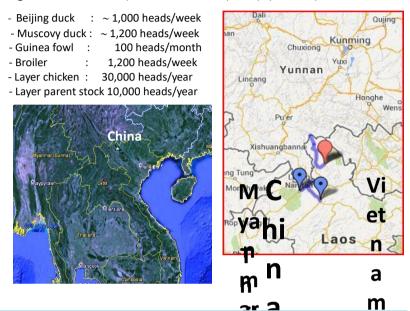
I. Introduction

Since March 2013, human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) have been detected in China and H7N9 is low pathogenic for poultry but is high pathogenic for humans. Lao PDR has not yet been affected by this new subtype of avian influenza. However, poultry and humans are still at risk because Lao PDR shares a border with China and people and poultry frequently across the border (Figure 1) resulting in an increased risk of spread of the virus across the border. The preliminary sero-surveillance is crucial to elucidate the circulation of the influenza A(H7N9) in poultry population in Lao PDR.

Objectives:

To identify the hot spot of influenza A(H7N9) in asymptomatic poultry for further virological surveillance.

Figure 1. Value chain updates for 2013 and poultry species imported to Laos.



II. Methods:

- Site selection for the surveillance was based on the Information obtained from the study on the poultry value chain.
- Phongsaly, Bounneua and Nhot Ou District of Phongsaly Province, Louangnamtha and Sing District of Loungtnamtha Province, and Xay District of Oudomxay Province were chosen for surveillance.
- Only one high risk village per district in Louangnamtha and Oudomxay Province was selected for sampling whereas more high risk villages per district in Phongsaly Province were targeted.
- Asymptomatic chickens from backyards and semi-commercial farms were selected for random sampling.
- From January to March 2014, serum sampling has been conducted once a month and submitted to the National Animal Health Laboratory for testing.
- Whole blood sample from poultry was collected and kept at room temperature for serum sample collection, the serum sample was stored in the cool box with icepack and submitted to the National Animal Health Laboratory. The sample submission, from the field till arrival to the National Animal Health Laboratory, takes approximately 48 hours.
- Upon arrival in the National Animal Health Laboratory, the serum samples were stored in the freezer at minus 20°C.
- Prior to performing the screening test, serum sample was kept at 56°C for about 30 minutes.
- The Antibody ELISA Test Kit, IDEXX AI multi S-Screen, was used for screening test of serum sample.
- Flu A Positive samples will be submitted for further testing against H7 and N9.

III. Results

Overall, ~ 20% (129/657 sera) test positive as shown in the table 1. While sample sizes are moderately low, it appears that semicommercial farms in Louangnamtha and Oudomxay Provinces have the highest rates of sero-positive poultry at 95% and 45% respectively.

Province	District	Production type	Total sample	No. of Flu A positive	% of positive
Phongsaly	1.Boun neua	Backyard	302	9	3
	2. Nhot ou	Backyard	91	5	5
	3. Phongsaly	Backyard	97	0	0
Louang-namtha	1. Louangnamtha	Semi-com mercial	30	27	90
		Semi-com mercial	30	29	97
	2. Sing	Semi-com mercial	15	15	100
		Semi-com mercial	5	5	100
Oudomxay	1. Xay	Semi-com mercial	87	39	45
	Totals:		657	129	20

IV. Conclusion

The result obtained from this preliminary sero-surveillance indicated the circulation of avian influenza A virus in the poultry population in high risk areas. In particular, the sero-positive samples were detected from poultry that are raised in the semi-commercial farm. The lack of the commercial poultry breed in the country such as broiler and layer to support the farmer resulted in importing from neighboring country. The importation of poultry for breeding is carried out by the private trader and most of the importation lack the accompanying health certificate to certify that they are brought from disease free source. The use of vaccine to prevent avian influenza disease for poultry is prohibited in the country and therefore the sero-surveillance using the commercial available ELISA test kit to perform the screening test for antibody to avian influenza virus is useful as it help the virological surveillance more effective. Further tests are required to determine the presence of H7 as well as H5 and H9 in the FluA ELISA positive tested sera. Continue keeping vigilance through sero-surveillance using Antibody ELISA Test Kit, IDEXX AI multi S-Screen to test the serum sample of importing poultry flock and live poultry in the market is recommended to ensure the effective response to avian influenza A (H7N9) incursion.

Key word: Avian influenza A(H7N9), poultry from backyard and farm, serum sample, screening test, ELISA test technique.

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